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## (54) Title of the invention : THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY OF INSULATION MATERIALS ON HEAT TRANSFER THROUGH THE BUILDING ENVELOPE

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(57) Abstract:

Thermal conductivity and temperature limit are among the most fundamental properties of a building insulation in ascertaining thermal execution, which were exposed to change when uncovered to temperatures variety in help. Disregarding the temperature reliance of these material properties can result in under and over assessments of structures energy utilizes and the relating gear estimating. To get more practical conductivity upsides of insulation materials, in this invention, thermal conductivity tests were led at different mean temperatures. Likewise, the thermal obstruction of most thermal insulation materials relies upon the working temperature, the area of the insulation layer inside the get together framework, and the successful temperature. Without a doubt, experimental proof shows that the change in the polystyrene insulation thermal conductivity with temperature at the mid-thickness of the insulation material during the daytime can be extremely huge. At high temperatures, in the request of 100 °C, normally experienced in the rooftop insulations of structures in blistering environments, the rate increment of k-values comparative with k24 for divider and rooftop can be pretty much as high as 9.4% and 20%, respectively. This change influences the cooling load estimation while working at temperatures surpassing 24 °C. This present invention assesses the impact of changes in the conductivity of polystyrene insulation material, as a capacity of the working temperature, on the cooling load estimation expected by the structure, and in this way the estimating of the thermal, ventilating, and cooling apparatus.

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